Developing of Key Competencies by Means of Augmented Reality in Science and Language Integrated Learning

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Abstract. Using of new learning and IC technologies is necessary for effective learning of modern students. That is why it can be reasonable to introduce augmented reality and content-language integrated learning in educational process. Augmented reality helps create firm links between real and virtual objects. Content and language integrated learning provides immersion in an additional language and creates challenging group and personal tasks in language and non-language subjects. Using these technologies in complex provides social and ICT mobility and creates positive conditions for developing 9 of 10 key competencies. The paper deals with the features, problems and benefits of these technologies' implementation in secondary schools.

Keywords: Augmented Reality, Science Learning, Key Competencies, Generation Z, Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL).

1 Introduction

Current secondary school students are members of "Generation Z" cohort (according to Strauss and Howe). ICTs and social media are the essential parts of "Zeds" world. So using ICTs in education is not an option but a necessity. The most helpful educational technologies for "Zeds" are smartboards, digital textbooks, websites, online videos and game-based learning systems. [1, pp. 6-8]. That is why we have to create dynamic learning environment, which contains modern ICTs as its inseparable part.

2 Using Augmented Reality in Science Learning

Jean-Marc Cieutat, Olivier Hugues and Nehla Ghouaiel define AR as the combination of physical spaces with digital spaces in semantically linked contexts for which the objects of associations lie in the real world [2, p. 32]. According to Gartner hype cycle analysis AR is a mature technology [3] and is going to be widely used in different spheres of our lives (including education).

The main benefits of using AR are connected with studying objects and phenomena, which are inaccessible for direct cognition, but can be observed by means of AR. It can be very useful in learning abstract Math and Science concepts. AR shows the links between real and virtual objects. Moreover, AR can be a good example of developing technology by itself. At schools AR can form some "digital" habits which can be useful in future life. Using AR in a classroom makes it possible to learn in a personal-oriented environment. It helps students to provide their own learning styles. According to The State Standard of the Basic and Complete Secondary Education there are 10 key competencies [4]. The benefits of using AR in secondary schools are given in the Table 1.

Table 1. Advantages of using AR at science lessons (in regard to key competencies).

	Component of Competency				
Competency	Cognitive	Skills and Experience	Values	Social and Behavioral	
Mathematical Competency		basic math skills (i. e. geometry imagination)	ple how maths equations come to life	conditions to pro- vide own learn- ing style	
Competencies in Science	supporting of abstract concepts learning; improving links between nature objects and phenomena	to operate with objects, which are inaccessible	science imple- mentations; mo- tivating for sci-	vide own learn-	
Digital Competency	widening outlook; getting knowledge about AR		the importance	mastering new ways of digital learning commu- nication	
Lifelong Learning	demonstrating in- finite technologi- cal progress			mastering new ways of learning communication	
tive and Entre- preneurship	gaining knowled- ge about effective ways of organiz- ing information	ence of applying the same tech- nology in differ- ent fields	to constantly changing situations (using an example of AR)	effective ways of communication	
Cultural Awareness	knowledge	xeological com- ponent of tech- nical awareness	cultural links more obvious	ties for creating own style of self- development	
Competencies	helping to under- stand the complex- ity of ecological and medicine pro- cesses	and getting ex- perience of health care by	derstand links between nature	conditions for creation of own health care pro-	

The most essential drawbacks of using AR are connected with deficient studies of its influence on user's health and a lack of privacy and security [5]. We should say that the last problem is mainly caused by irresponsible using of AR; it is not AR itself. That is why it is especially important to teach students basics of AR using (including safety regulations). One of the difficulties, which we face applying AR at Ukrainian secondary school, is their English interface. We can overcome this drawback by developing foreign language competency.

3 CLIL Approach In Education

Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL) is a modern approach to the developing of foreign language competency [6]. CLIL is a dual-focused educational approach in which an additional language is used for the learning and teaching of content and language with the objective of promoting both content and language mastery to pre-defined levels [6, pp. 2, 65]. Advantages of CLIL approach (in regard to key competencies [4]) are reflected in the table 2.

Table 2. Advantages of CLIL science lessons approach in key competencies forming.

	Component of Competency				
Competency	Cognitive	Skills and Experience	Values	Social and Behavioral	
Foreign Lan-	cross-subject vo-	real learning situ-	wider access to	mutual assistance	
guage Compe-	cabulary			in learning; more	
tency				accessible social	
				environment	
Mathematical				empowering so-	
Competency				cial interaction in	
			learning mobility		
Competencies				empowering so-	
in Science				cial interaction in	
			science for learn-	learning science	
	terms in English		ing mobility		
Lifelong		acquiring skills		forming collabo-	
Learning				ration habits in	
				learning English	
		ferent languages		and science	
	developing better				
Civic Compe-	cross-cultural un-			cial experience	
tencies	derstanding	other cultures	tures on science		
				mutual assistance	
tive and Entre-	range of re-			in learning Eng-	
preneurship	sources		common success		
Cultural	widening outlook			enhancing ability	
Awareness		of multilinguistic	value of different	to reflect cultural	
		activities	knowledge areas	diversity	

The backgrounds of CLIL lessons are: proper level of students' language skills, parents' and students' demands for social mobility, the teachers' readiness to introduce CLIL lessons and social competency of all educational process participants. Introducing CLIL lessons faces such difficulties as curriculum coordination, consuming a lot of time to prepare a CLIL lesson and a lack of appropriate resources. Taking into consideration both recent researches [6] and our practical experience we can conclude that CLIL lessons are more interesting, motivating, time-saving, help students to feel confident, promote communication, provide educational diversity and increase mobility.

4 Conclusions

Nowadays new learning and IC technologies are required to satisfy "Zeds" demands. For instance, all reviewed technologies provide individual learning strategies. The using of both AR and CLIL helps to form and develop 9 of 10 key competencies (except native language competency). Augmented reality helps to create the firm links between real and virtual objects. Content and language integrated learning creates conditions for efficient group and individual work in language and science learning.

Implementation of these technologies is reasonable only under certain conditions: gadgets and appropriate level of teachers' digital literacy (for AR) and the proper level of foreign language competency (for CLIL). The main difficulties, we face applying these technologies in science learning, are connected with organization of educational process not with teaching or learning. AR and CLIL technologies together create rich learning and teaching environment for effective education of modern students.

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